ONCOLOGYModule III • Learning Objectives

GYNECOLOGIC CANCERS

- 1. Apply knowledge of the pathophysiology, etiology, presenting symptoms, and diagnostic evaluation of each of the gyne-cologic cancers to care of patients.
- 2. Evaluate the role and limitations of screening for early detection of endometrial and ovarian cancers.
- 3. Develop a treatment plan for a patient with a newly diagnosed gynecologic cancer.
- 4. Assess the role of consolidation treatment and the impact on overall survival of patients with gynecologic malignancies.
- 5. Develop an algorithm for the selection of a chemotherapy regimen for the treatment of recurrent gynecologic malignancies.

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma

- Estimate the prognosis for a patient with non-Hodgkin lymphoma (NHL) based on the Follicular Lymphoma International Prognostic Index or International Prognostic Index to determine appropriate treatment.
- 2. Devise a treatment plan for a patient with low-grade/indolent lymphoma.
- Given certain patient characteristics, develop a treatment plan for an aggressive or highly aggressive NHL.
- 4. Manage drug-related adverse effects of treatment for NHL.
- Develop a patient counseling plan based on the known adverse effects of a chemotherapeutic agent or regimen.

Updates in Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation

- Demonstrate the rationale and applications of hematopoietic cell transplantation (HCT).
- 2. Distinguish the types of HCT sources and the advantages and disadvantages of each.
- 3. Analyze the use of immunosuppressant drugs in the prevention and treatment of acute graft-versus-host disease after HCT.
- 4. Evaluate expected toxicities and monitoring parameters of preparative regimens and immunosuppressant drugs in patients undergoing HCT.
- Develop a pharmacotherapeutic plan for the management of common complications after HCT.